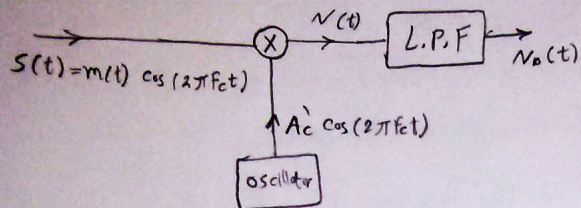


DSBSC De modulator

1 Coherent detector:



$$\begin{aligned}
 V(t) &= S(t) \cdot A_c \cos(2\pi F_c t) \\
 &= m(t) \cdot A_c \cdot A_c \cos^2(2\pi F_c t) \\
 &= \frac{m(t) A_c A_c}{2} [1 + \cos(4\pi F_c t)] \\
 &= \frac{A_c A_c}{2} m(t) + \frac{A_c A_c}{2} m(t) \cos(4\pi F_c t)
 \end{aligned}$$

after L.P.F

$$V_o(t) = \frac{A_c A_c}{2} m(t)$$

* IF there is phase shift (ϕ)

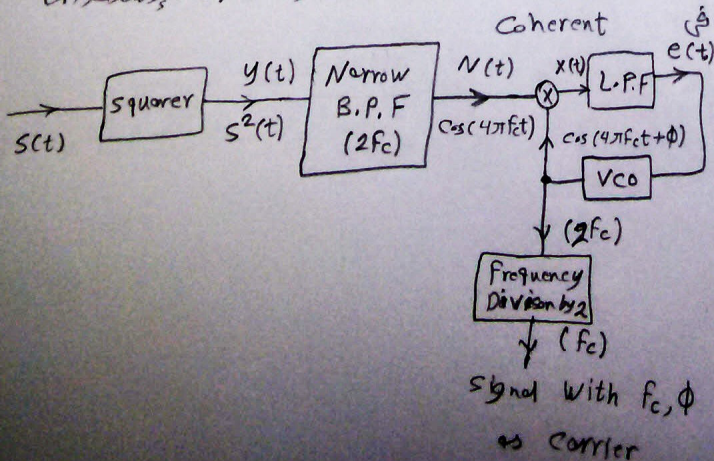
$$V(t) = \frac{A_c A_c}{2} m(t) [\cos \phi + \cos(4\pi F_c t + \phi)]$$

$$V_o(t) = \frac{A_c A_c}{2} m(t) \cos \phi$$

$$\text{If } \phi = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \rightarrow V_o(t) = 0$$

2 Square Loop:

الهدف من هذه الدائرة هو تكوين إشارة لها نفس تردد و نفس phase ال carrier الموجودة في $S(t)$ لاستخدامها كـ Coherent



المخرجات

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(t) &= S^2(t) \\
 &= \frac{m^2(t) A_c^2}{2} (1 + \cos(4\pi F_c t)) \\
 V(t) &= \frac{m^2(t) A_c^2}{2} \cos(4\pi F_c t) \\
 &\text{نتيجة بعض خصائص الفلتر} \\
 V(t) &= \frac{E \Delta f A_c^2}{2} \cos(4\pi F_c t)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\Delta f \rightarrow$ Bandwidth of filter

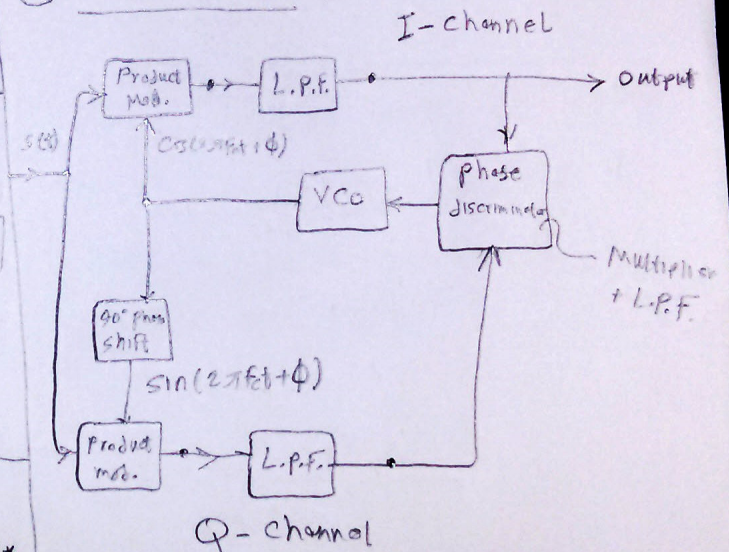
$E \rightarrow$ Energy of signal

$$X(t) = K [\cos \phi + \cos(8\pi F_c t + \phi)]$$

$$e(t) = K \cos \phi$$

* هذه الإشارة تقوم بتغيير phase بشكل مستمر حتى يصبح لها نفس phase ال carrier

3 Costas Receiver:



At I-ch. at product mod.

$$\frac{A_c}{2} m(t) [\cos \phi + \cos(4\pi F_c t + \phi)]$$

at L.P.F.

$$\frac{A_c m(t)}{2} \cos \phi$$

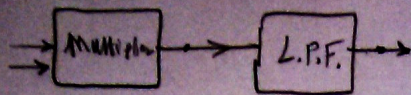
At Q-ch. at product mod.

$$\frac{A_c}{2} m(t) [\sin \phi + \sin(4\pi F_c t + \phi)]$$

at L.P.F.

$$\frac{A_c m(t)}{2} \sin \phi$$

Phase Discriminator



$$\frac{A_c^2}{8} m^2(t) [\sin(\phi) + \sin(2\phi)]$$

at L.P.F

→ ?!

Q-ch → Quadrature phase shift
 $\frac{\pi}{2}$ phase

Let $m(t) = A_m \cdot \cos(2\pi f_m t)$

$$m^2(t) = \frac{A_m^2}{2} [1 + \cos(4\pi f_m t)]$$

after L.P.F

$$\frac{A_m^2}{2}$$

Output of phase discriminator

$$K \sin(2\phi)$$

VCO phase detector يقوم بتحويل phase إلى voltage
 حتى phase لا يتغير

Report

$$u(t) = 100 m(t) \cdot \cos(2\pi f_c t)$$

$$f_c = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

$$m(t) = 2 \cos(2\pi \cdot 10^3 \cdot t) + \cos(2\pi \cdot 3 \cdot 10^3 t)$$

a) Find and sketch spectrum

b) Find the ^{avg.} power of each freq. component